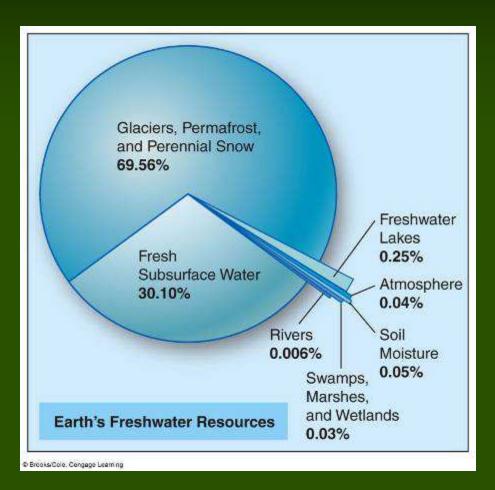
Introduction To Groundwater Concepts

Important Concepts

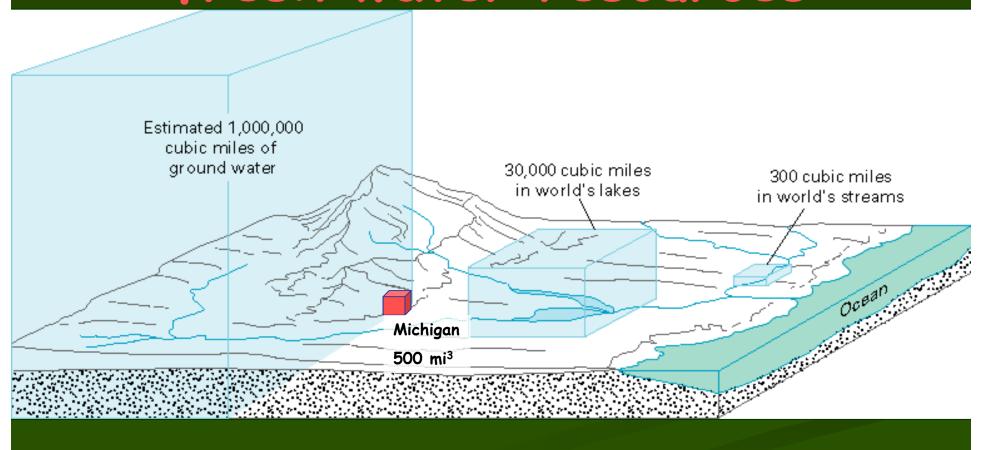
Hydrologic Cycle Aquifers Hydraulic Conductivity Head Gradient Drawdown Capture

Earth's Freshwater Resources

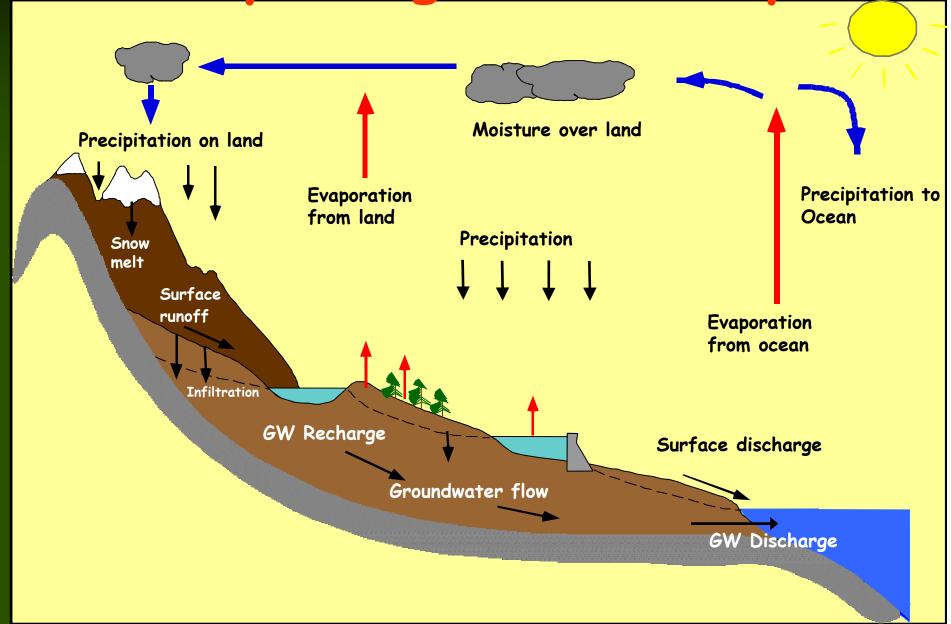


- 97% of Earth's water exists as salt water
- Of the remaining water (3%):
 - 69.6% glaciers, permafrost, and snow
 - 30.1% subsurface water
 - <1% rivers, lakes, swamps, wetlands, atmosphere

Earth's liquid fresh water resources



The Hydrologic (Water) Cycle





Every drop of water on Earth used to be urine and 99.9 percent of it was once dinosaur pee-pee!

That's the fascinating finding of U.S. researcher Dr. Milton R. Grill-stand. ingham, who says animals have since life began.

drunk before and passed as urine," the New York City scientist told reporters. "And the overwhelming majority of water on

through one of the dino- Grillingham up. saurs that roamed the Earth millions of years ago.

"When you realize that one pit stop by a brontosaurus could take 50 min- the fact that all our water was once utes and fill a small, in-ground swimming pool, that's not too hard to under-

drunk and fouled our water supply the findings of South African research- larly and for the most part has been er Dr. Robert Johns, who used complex found safe - whether it was once dino-"There's just no getting around it - mathematical formulas and computer saur urine or not," said one American every drop of water you drink has been models to determine that all our water health official.

has been drunk before - and that most of it has been drunk many times.

"The dinosaurs did most of the damage early on, but now humans are certainly fouling up their fair share," the Cape Town researcher stated. "The average human being produces one gallon of urine a day and with five billion peothe planet has passed Dr. Milton R. ple on this planet, that can really add

> "The bottom line is that our water isn't as pure as we like to think."

> But experts in the United States say urine doesn't mean it's not safe to drink.

"People in more backward countries might have reason to worry, but in this Dr. Grillingham's research confirms country our water supply is tested regu-

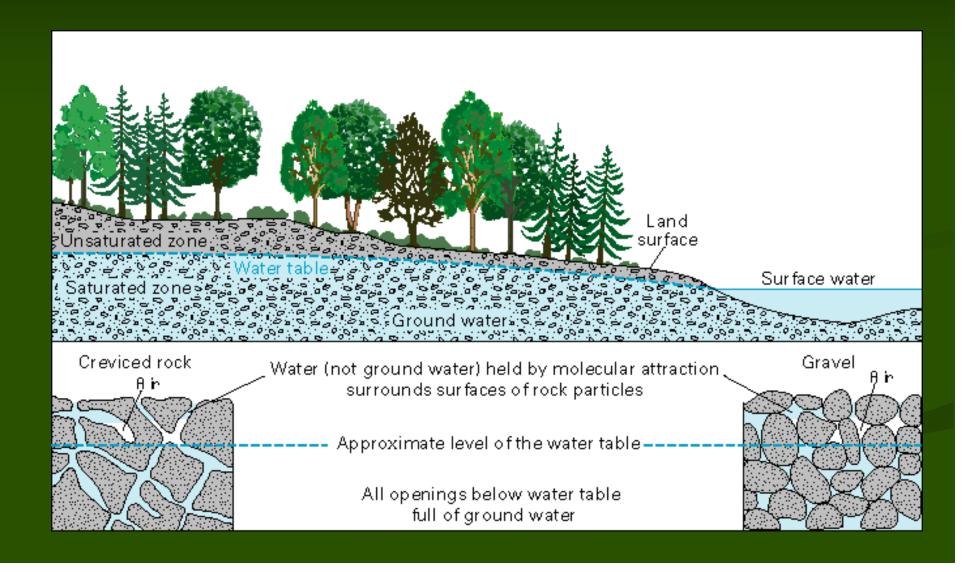


Water Resources

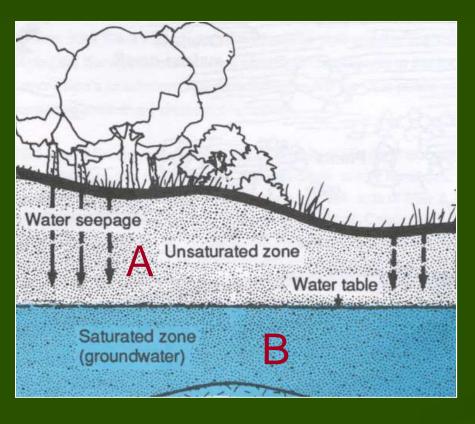
"We forget that the water cycle and the life cycle are one"

- Jacques Cousteau

The Nature of Underground Water



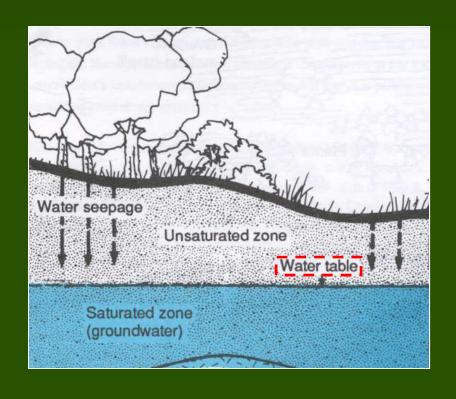
The Subsurface Can Be Divided Into Two Zones



A = The Unsaturated
Zone

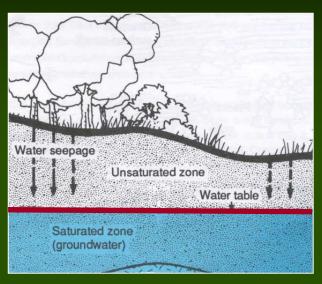
B = The Saturated
Zone

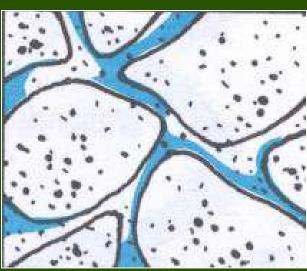
The Water Table



...the boundary between the unsaturated (aerated) and saturated zone

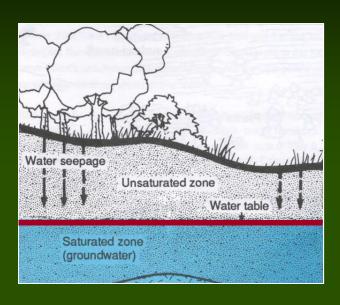
The Unsaturated Zone

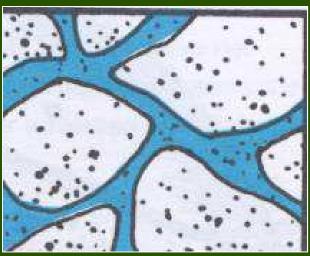




- Zone between the land surface and the water table.
- Subsurface material has pore spaces between grains.
- In the unsaturated zone these pore spaces are occupied by both air and water.

Saturated Zone



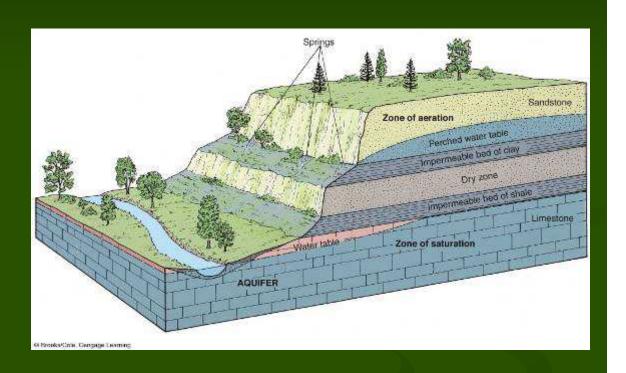


- Zone underneath the water table
- All pore spaces are filled completely with water
- The water flows both horizontally and vertically
- This is groundwater

Groundwater

16.1 The Nature of Underground Water

- Aquifer Aquifer
- Aquiclude
- Perched water table
- Springs

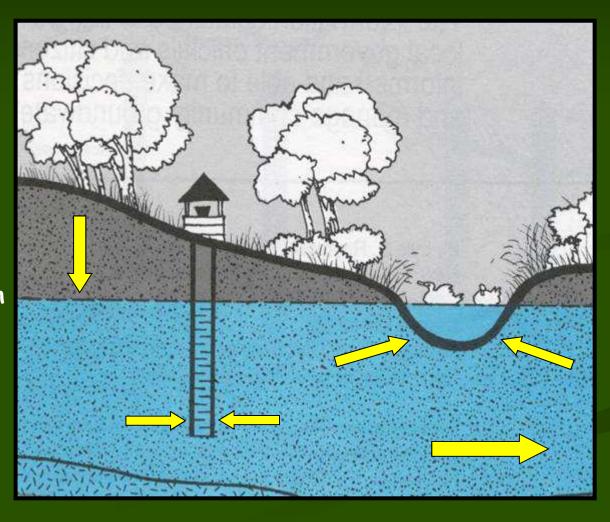


Groundwater

Groundwater is present in the pores and fractures in geologic formations ("Aquifers") below the land surface - NOT RIVERS.

Precipitation is the source of groundwater recharge.

Groundwater moves through the pores and fractures in geologic formations toward surface water, other watersheds, or pumping wells.



Underground Rivers



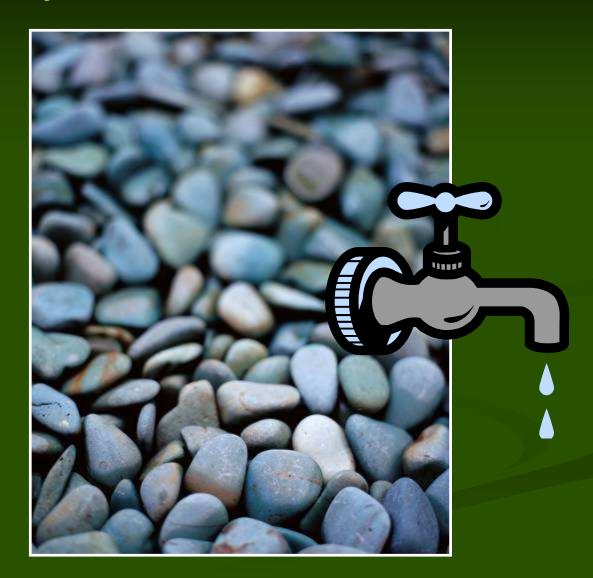
They Do Exist, But.....

Important Concepts

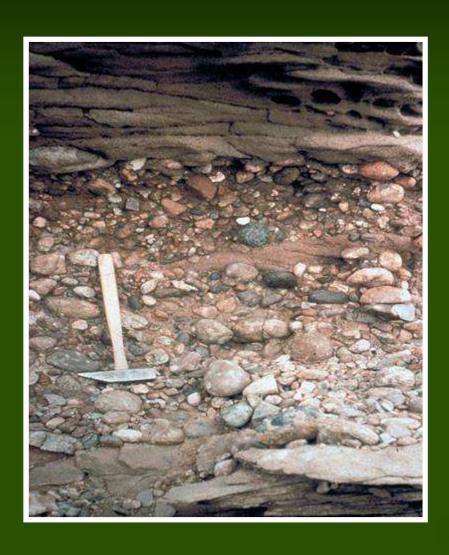
Hydrologic Cycle Aquifers Hydraulic Conductivity Hydraulic Head Hydraulic Gradient Drawdown Capture

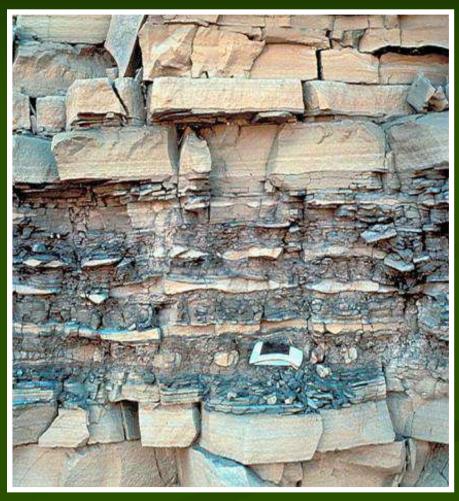
Aquifers

- Definition: A geological unit which can store and supply significant quantities of water.
- Depends on local geology.



GW Flow Through Pores

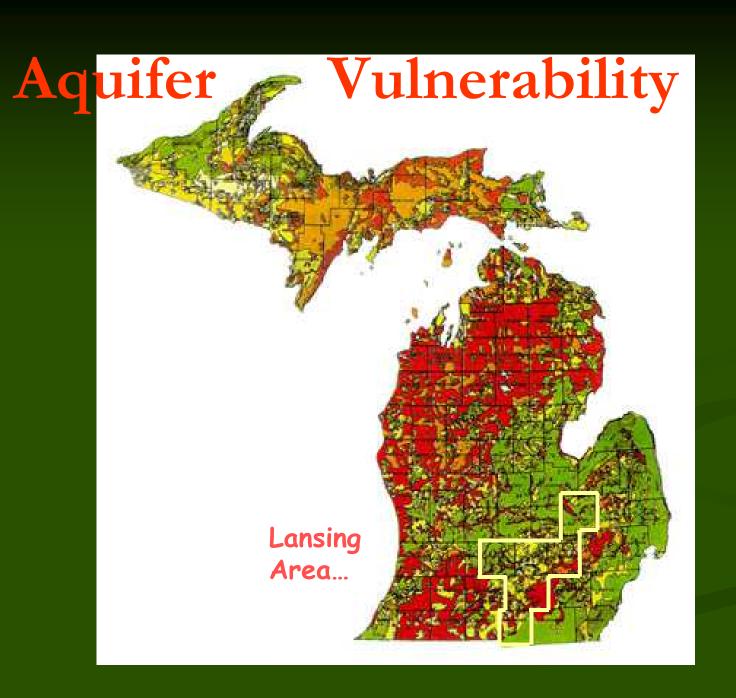




Michigan Aquifers

Principal aquifers in Michigan by sediment/rock type:

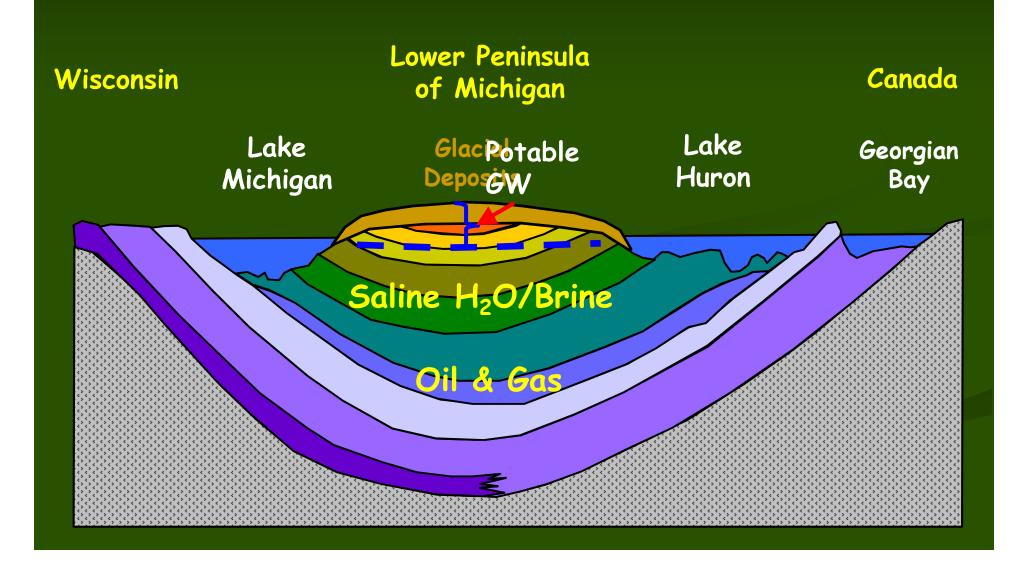
- -Glacial (a.k.a. 'glacial drift')
 - Sand and Gravel
- Bedrock (a.k.a. 'rock')
 - Sandstone
 - Limestone and/or Dolomite
 - Igneous & Metamorphic (Western U.P.)



Michigan Bedrock Geology



Hydrogeologic Cross Section

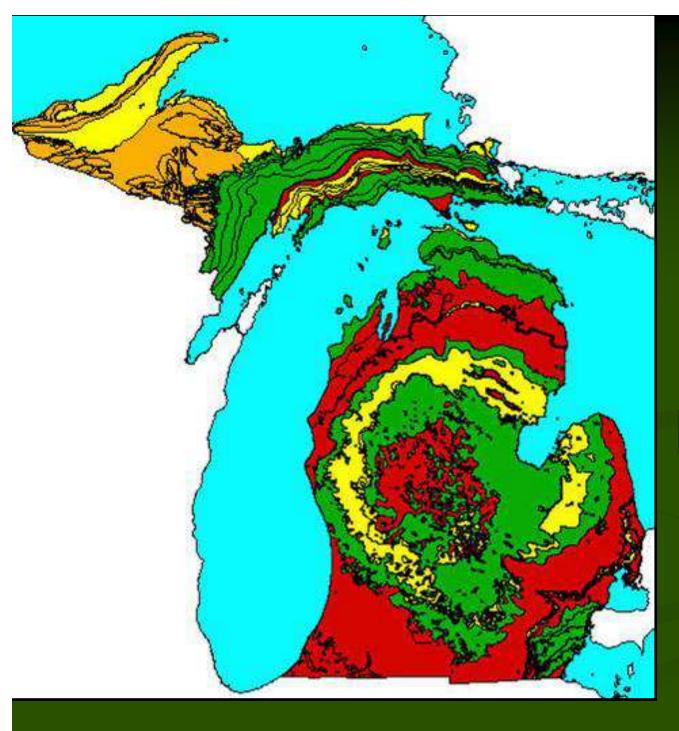


Bedrock Aquifers









Michigan Bedrock Aquifers

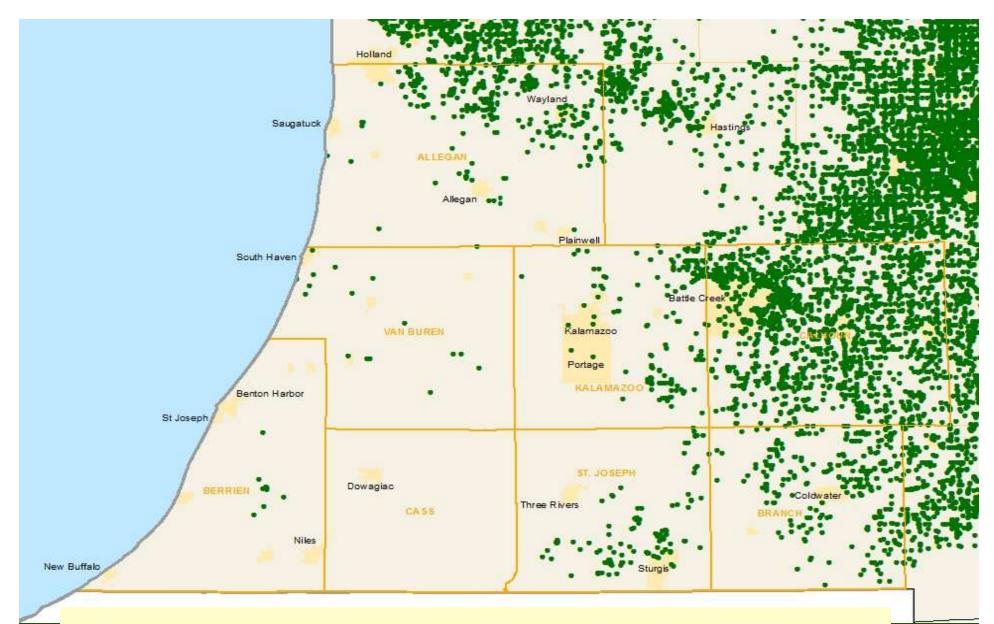
"Good"

"Marginal
Sedimentary"

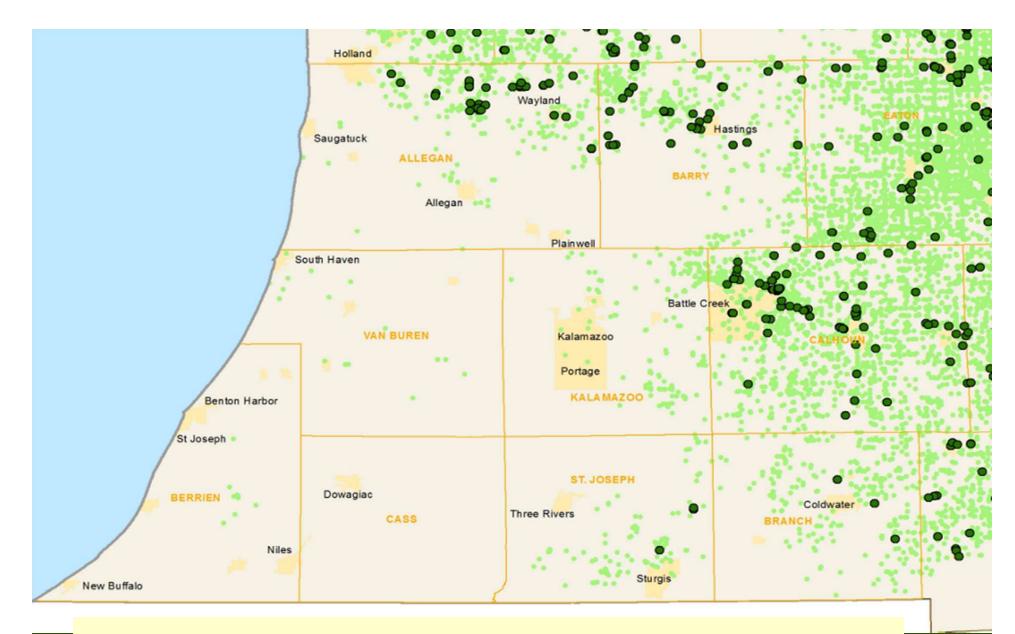
"Marginal Crystalline"

"Not an Aquifer"

* Saline
GW/Brine
at depth

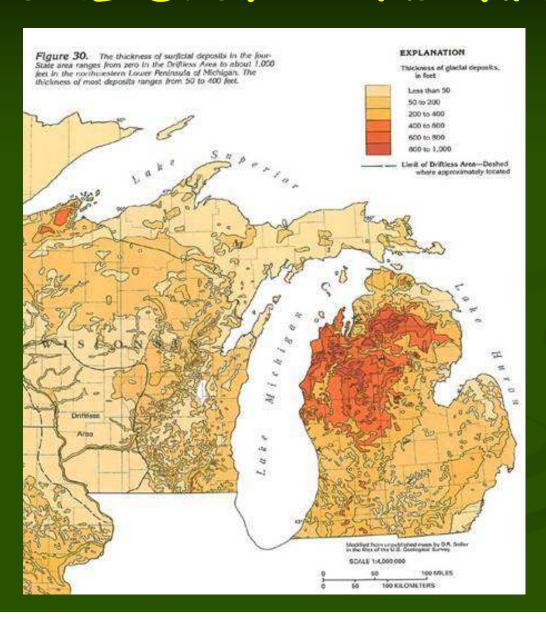


SW Michigan Bedrock Wells



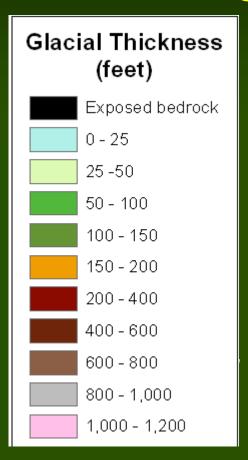
Public Supply Bedrock Wells

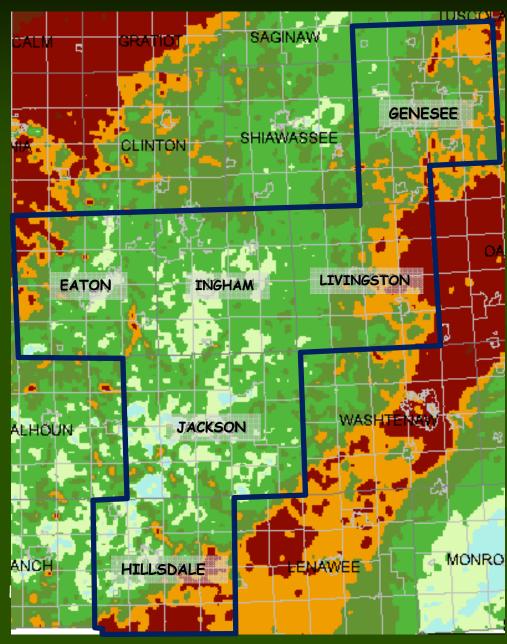
GLACIAL DRIFT THICKNESS

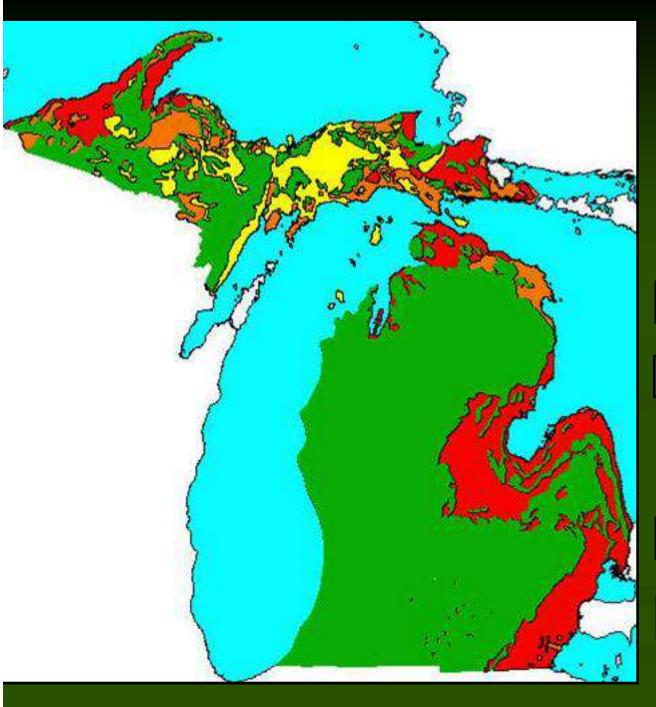


GLACIAL DRIFT THICKNESS

Mid-Michigan







Michigan Glacial Drift Aquifers

"Good"

"Unconfined aquifer overlying bedrock – limited data"

"Thin overlying bedrock"

"Not an Aquifer"

Wells



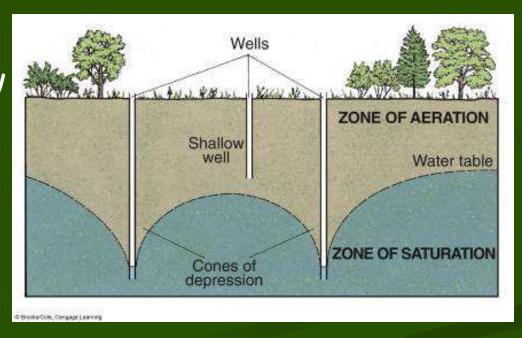




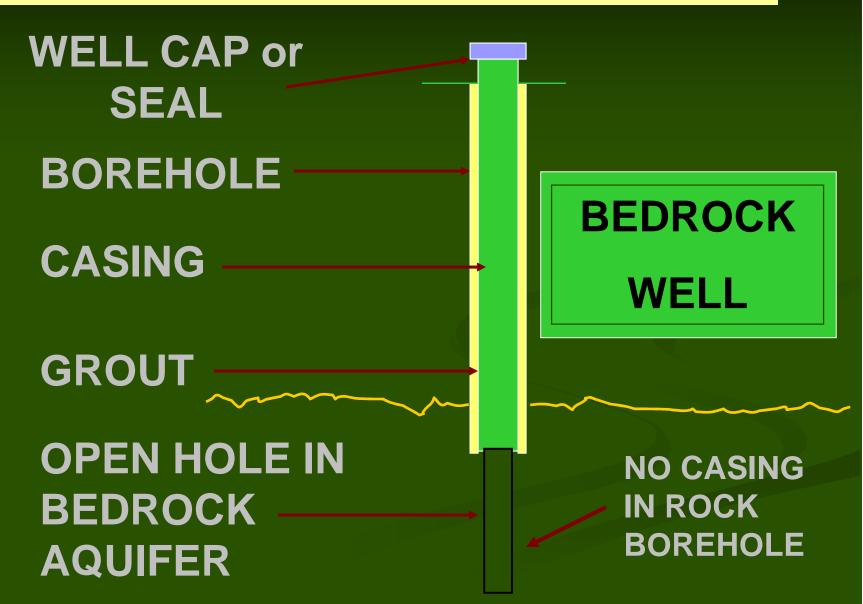
Groundwater Utilization

Wells

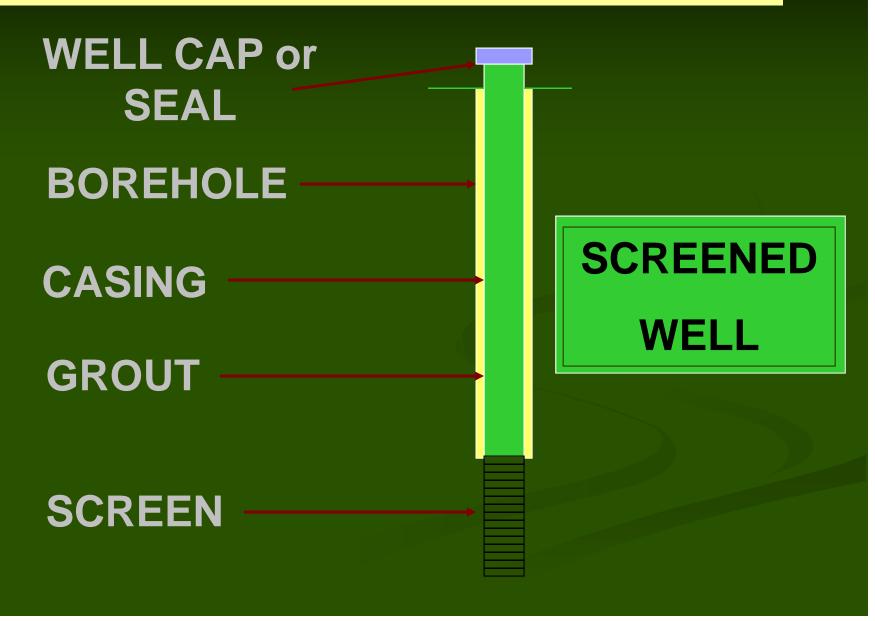
- Artificial openings dug or drilled below the water table to extract water
- drawdown of water table
- cone of depression



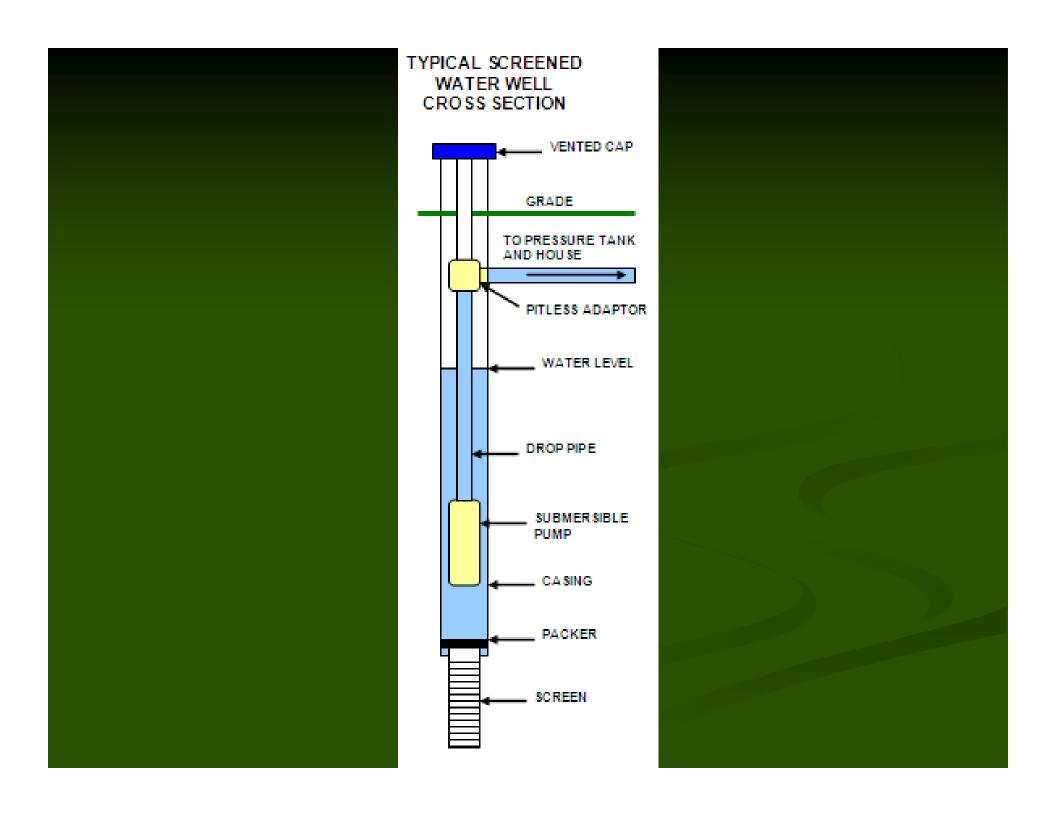
DRILLED WELL COMPONENTS



DRILLED WELL COMPONENTS







Important Concepts

Hydrologic Cycle
Aquifers
Hydraulic Conductivity
Head
Gradient
Drawdown
Capture

Hydraulic Conductivity

- a.k.a. "Permeability"
- Measure of rate at which water can move through aquifer material
- Wide range in values due to number and size of pores and fractures and how well they are connected





HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY RANGE

Unfractured Rock Fractured Rock

Silty Sand

Fine Sand

Coarse Sand

Clay Shale Gravel

Low

High

Sources of Hydraulic Conductivity (K) Data

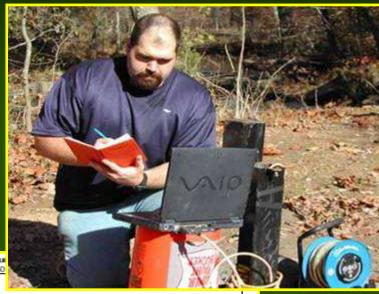
Site specific aquifer tests

Estimated from well capacity data in WELLOGIC

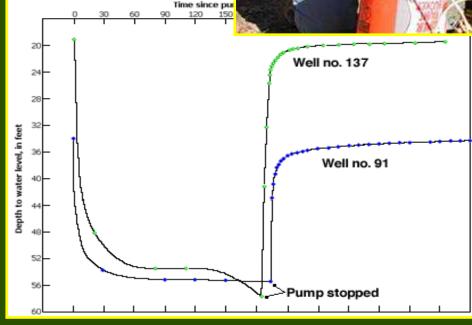
 Use estimates based on sediment descriptions from well log records



K from Site Information/Tests







K from Capacity Tests

- Static
 water level
- Pumping water level
- Length of test
- Estimated pumping rate
- Estimated K may be good if data good



WATER WELL AND PUMP RECORD

Completion is required under authority of Part 127 Act 368 PA 1978.

Fallure to comply is a misdemeanor.

Drilling Method: Rotary			Pump Installation only; No		
Well Depth: 185.00 ft.	Well Use: Household		HP: 1.00		
Well Type: New Date Completed: 3/12/2007 Casing Type: Steel - galvanized Casing Joint: Threaded & coupled Diameter: 4.00 in. to 80.00 ft. depth		Model Number: T1MA16P20	Pump Type: Submersible Pump Capacity: 20.00 G ld of Well:	pacity: 20,00 GPM	
Bors offameter 1: 3.88 in. to .185,00 ft. depth Bore Diameter 2: Bore Diameter 3: Height: 1.00 ft. above grade Casing Fitting: Drive shoe		Pressure Tank Installed: Yes Pressure Tank Type: Diaphragm/bladder Manufacturer: Well-X-Trol In del Number: WX302 Pressure Relief Valve Installed: Yes			
Static Water Level; 30.00 Yield Test Method: Plund	ft. Below Grade(Not Flowing) per	Formation Description	Thickness	Depth to Bottom	
Measurement Taken During Pump Test:		Clay	10.00	10.0	
50.00 ft. after 1.00 hrs. pumping at 20.00 GPM		Clay & Gr. el	20.00	30.0	
		Gray Shak & Sandstone	25.00	55.0	
		Black Sha	15.00	70.0	
Abandoned Well Plugged: No Reason for not plugging Well:		White Saldistone & Shale	115.00	185.0	
Abandoned well ID:				6	
Screen Installed: No Filter Packed: Screen Diameter: Screen Material Type: Ste Ste Blank: Fittinge:	Well Intake: Bedrock Well Length:				
Well Grouted: Yes Gro	uting Method: Other				
Grouting Materials: Bentonite dry granular From 0.00 ft. to 80.00 ft.		Geology Remarks:			
well nead Completion:	12 Inches above grade, Pitless adap	Contractor Type: Water well drilling cont	ractor		
Nearest source of possil Type	ble contamination: Distance Direction	Registration Number: 2246 Business Name: Johnson Well Orlling Business Address: 12577 State Rd. Grand Ledge, MI 48837			
Sewer line	70.00 ft. East	WATER WELL CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION: This well was drilled under my supervision and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.			
Drilling Machine Operator Name: Unknowen Employment: Employee		125 25			
Employment, Employee		Signature of Registered Contractor	Date		
	N#2008723 /Source D # 001 THIS IS J outing Method: unknowen: Additives: u	UST A ESTAMITE OF THE WELL FOR 11653	GRANDLEDGE HWY.		

K from Lithologic Descriptions

- Description of sediment or rock
- Thickness
- GWIM Each material (sand, clay, etc) is assigned a unique K
- Estimated K appears to be reasonable.



WATER WELL AND PUMP RECORD

Completion is required under authority of Part 127 Act 368 PA 1978

Failure to comply is a misdemeanor.

Drilling Method: Rotary	4 0000 40 00000 00000 00000		tailation only; I	No	
Well Depth: 185.00 ft.	Well Use: Household	Pump Installation date: HP: 1.00			
Well Type: New Date Completed: 3/12/2007 Casing Type: Steel - galvanized Casing Joint: Threaded & coupled Diameter: 4.00 in. to 80.00 ft. depth		Manufacturer: AquaDuty Pump Type: Submersible Model Number: T1MA16P20 Pump Capacity: 20.00 GPM Length of Drop Pipe: 60.00 ft. Id of Well: Diameter of Drop Pipe: 1.00 in. Draw Down Saal Used: No			
Bore Diameter 1: 3.88 in. to 185,00 ft. depth Bore Diameter 2: Height: 1.00 ft. above grade Casing Fitting: Drive shoe		Presente Taple Fromted. Yes Presente Tank Type: Diaphragmbladder Janufacturier: Well-X-Trol Model Number: WX202 Presente Relief Varve Installed: Yes			
Static Water Level; 30.00 Yield Test Method: Plund	ft. Below Grade(Not Flowing) per	Formation Description	Thickness	Depth to Bottom	
Measurement Taken During Pump Test. 50.00 ft. after 1.00 hrs. pumping at 20.00 GPM		Clay	10.00	10.0	
		Clay & Gravel	20.00	30.0	
		Gray Shale & Sandstone	25.00	55.0	
March & Jane March Court County of the County	N. Charles	Black Shale	15.00	70.0	
Abandoned Well Plugged: No Reason for not plugging Well:		White Sandstone & Shale	115.00	185,0	
Abandoned well ID:				ý.	
Fitter Packed: Screen Dlameter: Screen Material Type: Slot: Blank: Fittinge:	Length:				
Well Grouted: Yes Grouting Method: Other No. of Bags: 5 Additives; Other Grouting Materials; Bentonite dry granular From 0.00 ft. to 80.00 ft.		Geology Remarks:			
Well Head Completion: 12 inches above grade, Pitless adapter Nearest source of possible contamination:		Contractor Type: Water well drilling contractor Registration Number: 2246 Business Name: Johnson Well Drilling			
Туре	Distance Direction	Business Address: 12577 State Rd. Grand Ledge, MI 48837			
Sewer line	70.00 ft. East	WATER WELL CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION: This well was drilled under my supervision and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.			
Drilling Machine Operator Name: Unknowen Employment: Employee			ite		
General Remarks: WSS	N#2008723 /Source I D # 001 THIS IS JUS	TA ESTAMITE OF THE WELL FOR 11653 GRANDL	-		
	outing Method: unknowen Additives: unkn				
EQP 2017C (2/2000)	ATTENTION WELL	OWNER: FILE WITH DEED	3/12	2/2007 14:	

Important Concepts

- Hydrologic Cycle
 - Aquifers
- Hydraulic Conductivity
 - Head
 - Gradient
 - Drawdown
 - Capture

GW Flow Direction

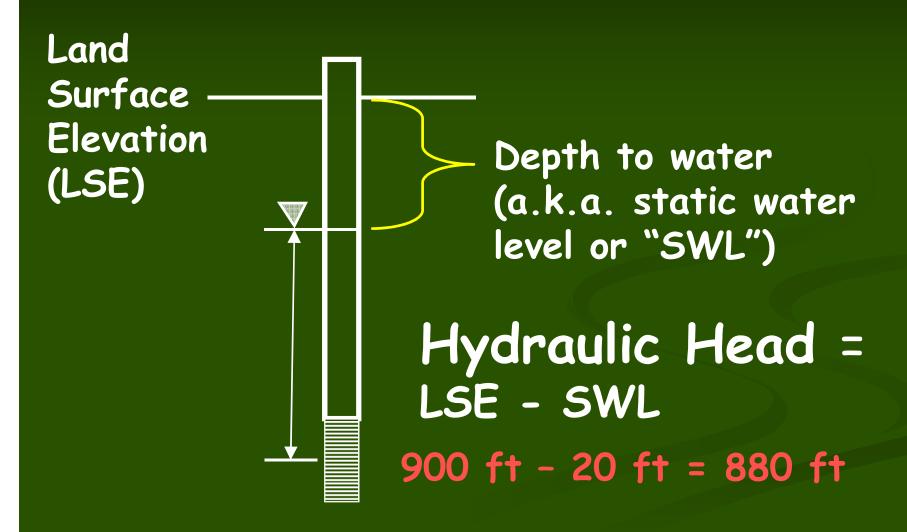
- GW wants to move from a point of high hydraulic head (elevation) to low hydraulic

head (elevation) in the direction of steepest hydraulic gradient...

IMPORTANT CONCEPT

- Hydraulic Head ("GW Elevation")
- Hydraulic Gradient ("Slope")

Hydraulic Head



Where does the head information come from?



WATER WELL AND PUMP RECORD

Completion is required under authority of Part 127 Act 368 PA 1978.

Failure to comply is a misdemeanor Import ID: 23030628303 County: Eaton Township: Vermontville rench Claim WSSN: DOWN DRW NEW NEW NWW 28 estance and Direction from Road Intersection: WSSN #06790, 500W OF MAIN ST; O'S OF 3RD ST, VERMON Well ID: 23000000102 Bevation: 929 ft ell Name: VERMONTVILLE WELL #3 SOUTH tell Owner: Village Of Vermontville Lethude: 42.62482 All Address Owner Artrinss Longitude: -85.02656 VERMONTVILLE WELL #3 SOUTH VERMONTVILLE MI VERMONTVILLE MI Drilling Well Depth 1s Pump Installed, Yes Pump Installation only: No Pump Installation date Well Type: New Casing Type: Unknown Date Completed: 2/17/1951 Manufacturer Other Pump Type: Submersible Pump Capacity: 120.00 GPM Model Number Casing Joint: Unknown Length of Drop Pipe: 0.00 ft. 1d of Well: Diameter: 8.00 in to 156.60 ft depth Diameter of Drop Pipe: Draw Down Seel Used: No Pressure Tank Installed: No Bore Diameter 2 Bore Diameter 3 Pressure Tank Type: Manufacturer: Height: 0.00 ft Model Number Tank Capacity: Gallons Pressure Relief Valve Installed : No Static Water Level: 85.00 ft. Bislow Grade(Not Flowing) Depth to **Formation Description** Thickness ield Test Method: Unknown 56.00 56.00 Clay Sandy W/Stones 45.00 102.00 Gray Clay Sandy 44.00 146.00 Clay Sandy Stoney Clay Sandy Sticky 12.00 158.00 Abandoned Well Plugged: No 7.00 165.00 Sand WetMoist Reason for not plugging Well 15.00 Sand 180.00 Abandoned well ID; Clay Sandy 183.00 Screen Installed: Yes Well Incake Filter Packed: No. Screen Diameter: 8.00 in. Length: 0.00 ft. Screen Material Type: Slot 0.00 in Set Between 0.00 ft and 0.00 ft. Blank: 0.00 ft. Above Fittings: None Well Grouted No Grouting Method Geology Remarks: 1. [SANDY CLAY, STONES] [56] 2. [SANDY GRAY No. of Bags: Additions CLAY| [102] [46] 3. [SANDY CLAY, STONY[[146] [44] 4. [SANDY CLAY, STICKY] [156] [12] 5. [SAND, MUDDY] [166] [7] 6. [SAND[[160] [15] 7. [SANDY **Grouting Materials** CLAY[[183][3] Well Head Completion: 12 inches above grade. Other Contractor Type: Unknown Registration Number: Nearest source of possible contamination: Business Name: Type Distance Direction **Business Address** None WATER WELL CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION: This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the ibest of ny knowledge and belief. Drilling Machine Operator Name: Signature of Registered Representative Date Employment: Unknown General Remarks: ORIGINAL WELLIDW WAS 28007; LOCATED 6'S OF PWW1; DRILLED TO 183 BUT PROBABLY FINISHED AT 180', WELL SEAL NEEDS MPROVEMENT, NEEDS CASING VENT, AUX POWER: GENERATOR IN SOUTH WELL HOUSE; MOPH WELL NUMBER 4701. HOLE DTHER REMARKS Drilling Method: Drilling Method unknown Well Head Completion: 12 inch Above Grade: Pump Manufacturer: Pump Manufacturer unknown

EQP 2017C (2/2000)

ATTENTION WELL OWNER: FILE WITH DEED

2/17/2000 04:19

Ground Surface Elevation and Location

Well ID: 23000000102 Failure to

Tax No: Permit No:

Well ID: 23000000102

Elevation: 929 ft

Latitude: 42.62482

Longitude: -85.02656

Static Water Level (SWL)

Static Water Level: 85.00 ft. Below Grade(Not Flowing)

Yield Test Method: Unknown

Measurement Taken During Pump Test:

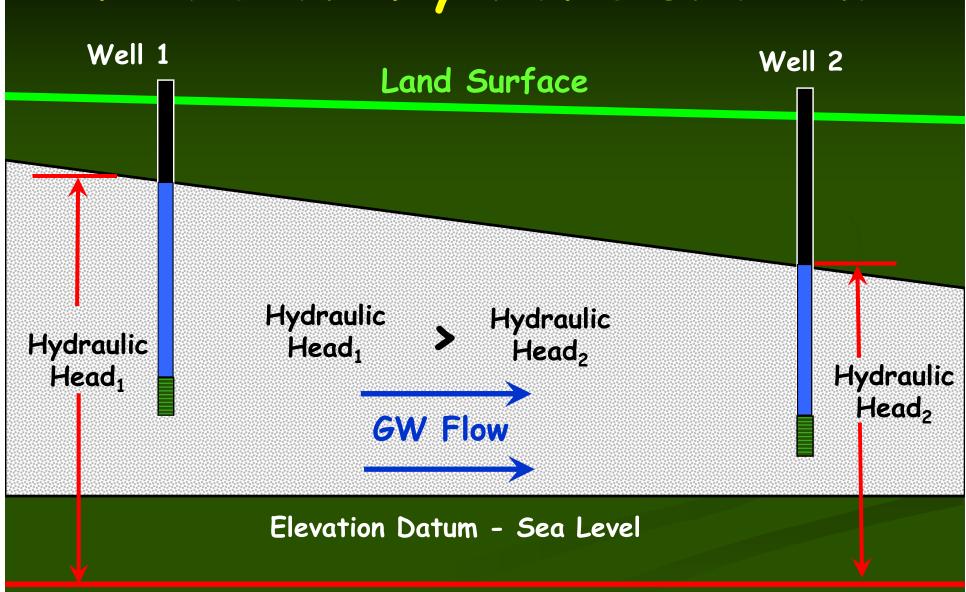
Ground Surface - SWL = Head ft AMSL

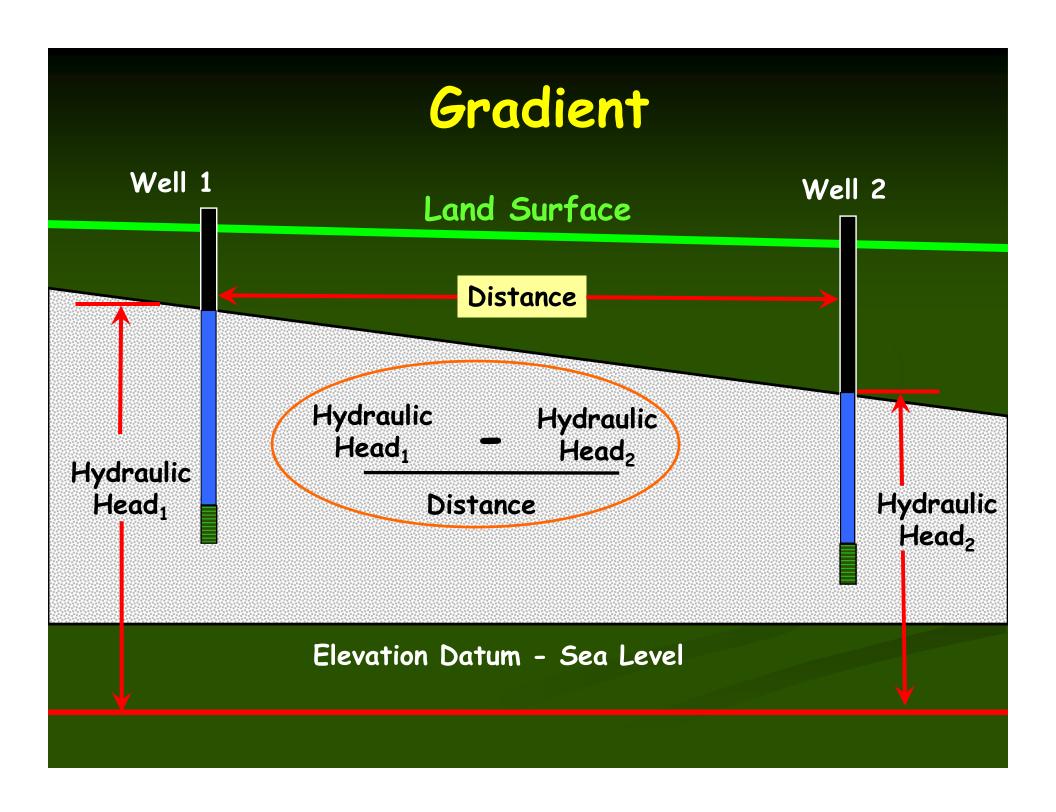
Example: 929 - 85 = 844 ft AMSL

Important Concepts

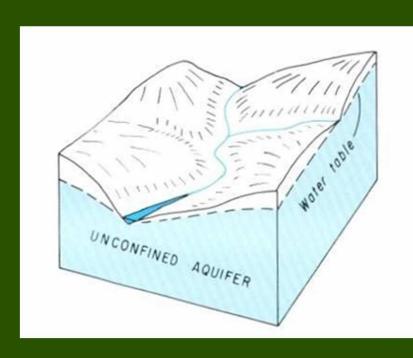
- * Hydrologic Cycle
 - * Aquifers
- * Hydraulic Conductivity
 - * Head
 - * Gradient
 - Drawdown
 - * Capture

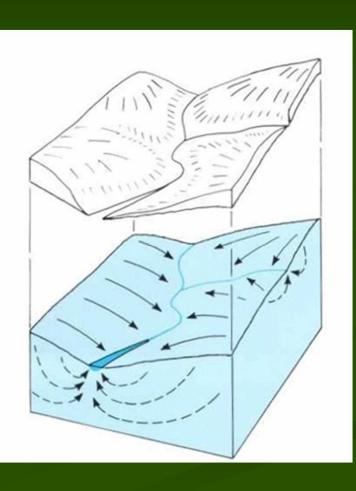






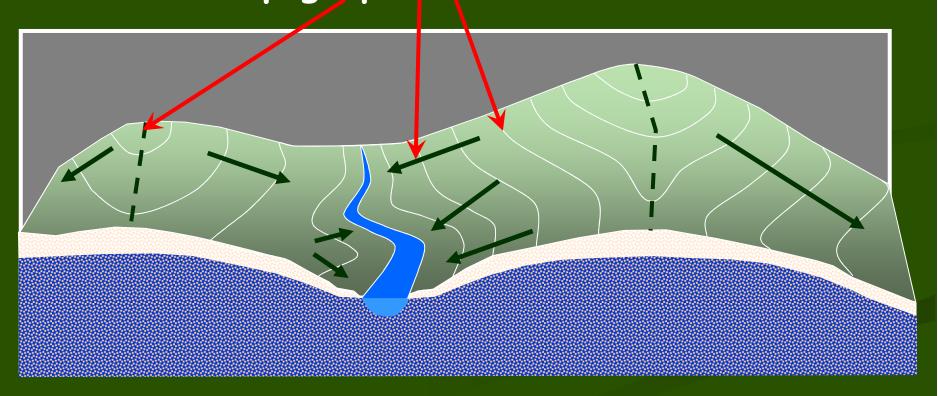
Groundwater Movement





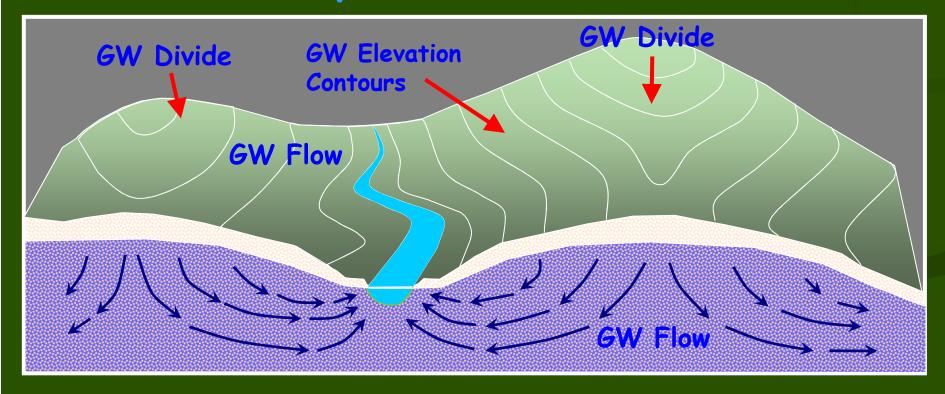
Land Surface - Gradients and Divides

Topographics Grantleuts

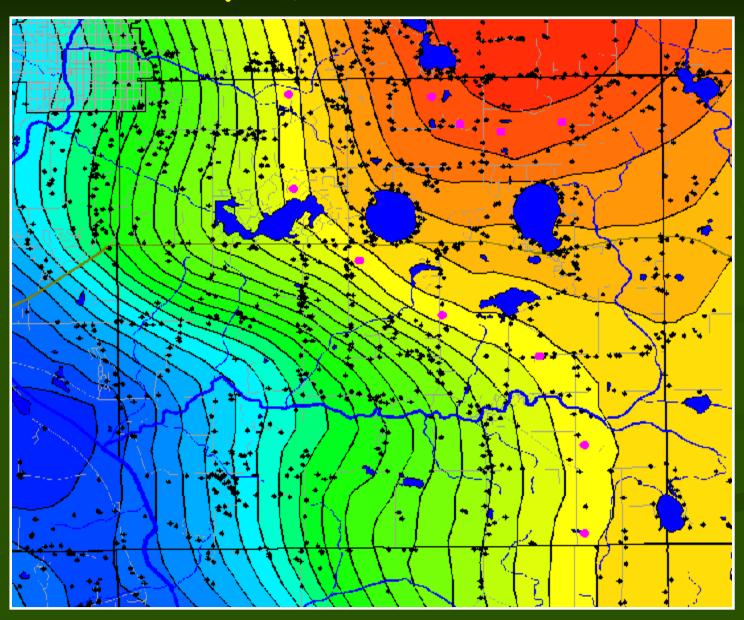


GW Elevation Surface - Gradients and Divides

Remove Land Surface to Expose Water Table



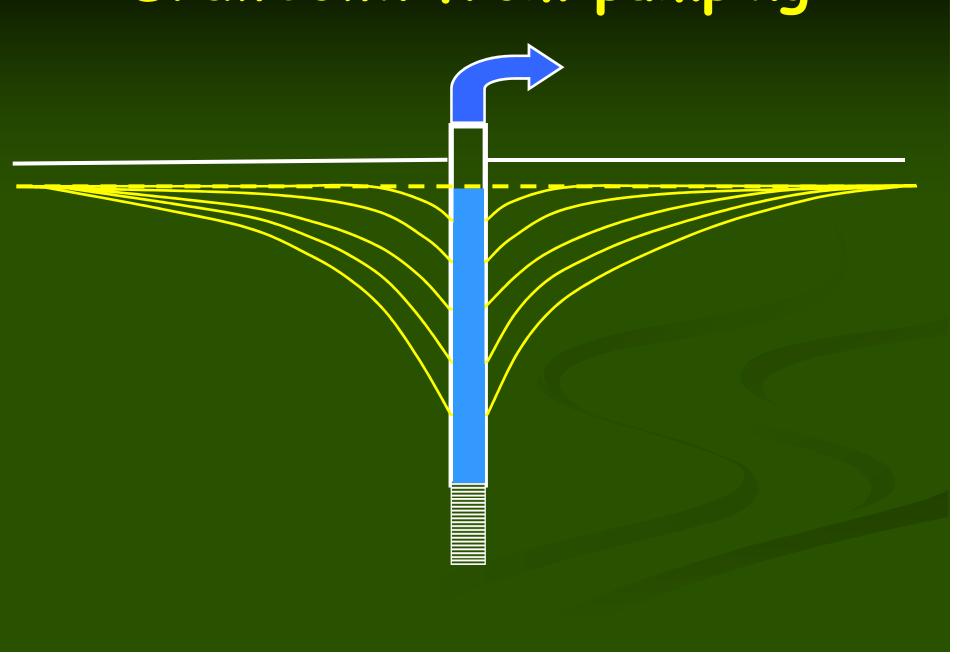
Cannon Twp - water table map with GW flow directions



Important Concepts

- Hydrologic Cycle
 - Aquifers
- Hydraulic Conductivity
 - ✓ Head
 - ✓ Gradient
 - ✓ Drawdown
 - ✓ Capture

Drawdown from pumping



Important Concepts

- Hydrologic Cycle
 - Aquifers
- Hydraulic Conductivity
 - Head
 - Gradient
 - Drawdown
 - Capture

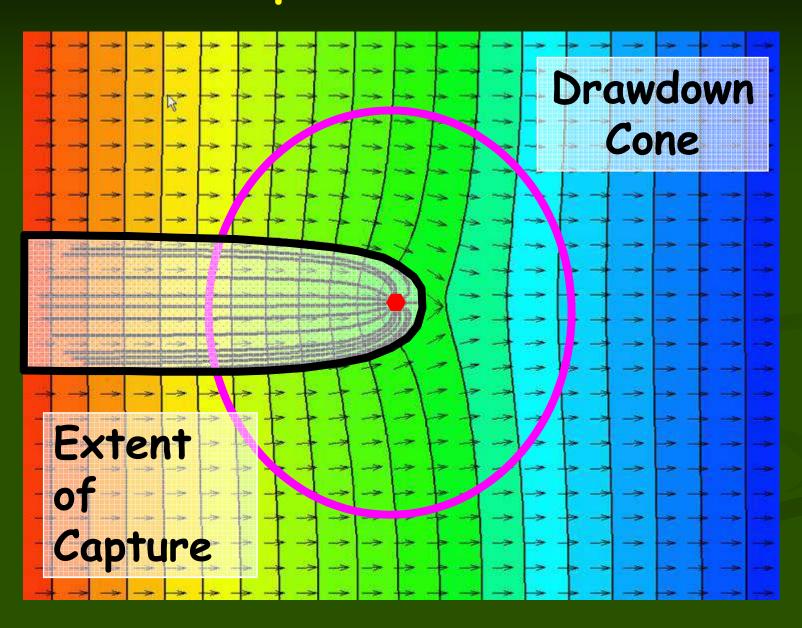
Capture

Capture - GW within Aquifer that flows toward and is removed by pumping well.

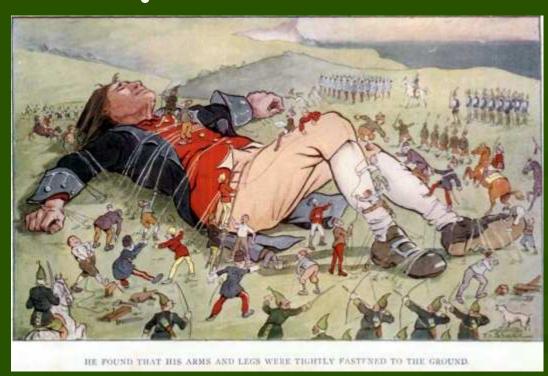
Extent of Capture NOT THE SAME as Extent of Drawdown.

ANOTHER IMPORTANT CONCEPT

Extent of Capture vs Drawdown Cone



Wellhead Protection Area = WHPA = Area of Captured GW



Wellhead Protection



Questions ???

